

## PRESS RELEASE

### **World Cancer Day: UICC offers actionable recommendations to close the care gap**

*Global call to action and release of the World Cancer Day 2024 Equity Report*

**Geneva, Switzerland, 29 January 2024** – The Union for International Cancer Control (UICC) today releases its [World Cancer Day 2024 Equity Report](#), as IARC is set to present new global cancer figures.

The World Cancer Day Equity Report provides local perspectives and experiences on inequities in cancer care in regions around the world, as well as expert recommendations on how to address them.

In particular, the report includes insights and perspectives from cancer leaders in Australia, Brazil, China, Hong Kong, Kenya, Lebanon, Japan, Jordan, India, Malaysia, Mexico, Nigeria, Portugal, South Africa, Sweden, Turkey and the UK.

UICC has organised World Cancer Day on 4 February since 2000 and has turned it into one of the largest health awareness days of the year. 2024 marks the last year of the '[Close the Care Gap](#)' campaign, which highlights the significant inequities that persist across the globe in the availability of and access to essential cancer services.

“UICC’s World Cancer Day Equity Report shines a light on the [barriers to care](#) and significant disparities in outcomes due to prejudices and assumptions based on socioeconomic status, gender and other cultural norms, race and ethnicity, age, geographical location, sexual orientation and disability,” says Prof. Jeff Dunn AO, President of UICC. “More importantly, it provides local insights into the challenges we face in diverse regions, guiding us toward targeted solutions.”

While the different sections offer recommendations tailored to that specific country or region, **UICC also provides in the report nine general recommendations** to governments to bridge the cancer care gap:

1. **Foster patient-centred care** that acknowledges the unique needs of all patient populations, encouraging patient engagement in their care decisions.
2. **Increase funding for cancer research** and encourage collaboration between researchers, healthcare providers and community organisations to understand and address disparities.
3. **Establish a population-based cancer registry** to guide policy decisions and resource allocation, and evaluate control strategies.

4. **Implement an effective national cancer strategy** based on an evidence-based assessment of the countrywide cancer burden, addressing financial hardship and barriers faced by underserved populations.
5. **Incorporate comprehensive cancer services** into national health benefit packages to achieve universal health coverage.
6. **Enhance health literacy and education around cancer**, using culturally appropriate materials and training for healthcare providers on effective patient communication.
7. **Regulate the production, sales and marketing of carcinogenic products** (tobacco, alcohol, ultra-processed foods) through increased taxation, marketing limitations, improved product labelling and public education campaigns. 30-50% of cancers can be prevented by acting on modifiable risk behaviours.
8. **Implement routine screening programmes for common cancers**, integrate them into existing healthcare programmes, and utilise telemedicine services and mobile units to reach remote populations. The earlier a cancer is detected, the more successfully it can be treated and cost less to the health system.
9. **Address the systemic social determinants of health** that impede an individual's ability to access cancer care, tackling prejudices and assumptions based on diverse social markers.

Ulrika Årehed Kågström, Secretary-General of the Swedish Cancer Society and President-elect of UICC, says: “For people with low socioeconomic status, [the risk of dying from cancer is generally notably higher](#) compared to those who belong to more privileged groups. People with higher education generally spend more time with healthcare professionals to ask questions when seeking care than those with only primary school education, who are more likely to refrain from care-seeking in the first place. Socioeconomic status can also influence the degree to which a cancer patient is likely to follow through on treatment.”

To further mark the final year of the Close the Care Gap campaign, **UICC is mobilising a global call to action** that echoes the sentiments and recommendations expressed in the *World Cancer Day Equity Report*, urging national cancer organisations and citizens to advocate for equitable healthcare by contacting their respective health ministries.

UICC is also sending a letter to all Heads of State and Government through their missions in Geneva, Switzerland, inviting them to seize the opportunity presented by World Cancer Day on 4 February to make a public commitment or announcement aimed at improving equity in health and cancer care in their nation. Such actions by governments on World Cancer Day in the past have served as pivotal moments for positive change.



Prof. D’Cruz, Immediate Past President of UICC and Director of Oncology at Apollo Hospitals in India, says: “Technology is key to closing the care gap, including digital tools to enhance reporting and analytics, as well as telemedicine and remote patient monitoring that make it easier for patients living in rural areas to access care.”

**[DOWNLOAD THE WORLD CANCER DAY 2024 EQUITY REPORT](#)**

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### **About World Cancer Day**

World Cancer Day takes place every year on 4 February and is the uniting global initiative under which the world comes together to raise the profile of cancer in a positive and inspiring way. Spearheaded by the Union for International Cancer Control (UICC), the day aims to save millions of lives each year by raising awareness about the disease while calling for actions from governments and individuals across the world. It has become one of the largest health awareness days globally. For more information, please visit: [www.worldcancerday.org](http://www.worldcancerday.org)

### **About the Union for International Cancer Control (UICC)**

The Union for International Cancer Control (UICC) is the largest global membership organisation dedicated to taking action against cancer. Founded in 1933, UICC has over 1,150 member organisations in 172 countries and territories. It enjoys consultative status with the United Nations Economic and Social Council (ECOSOC) and has official relations with the World Health Organization (WHO), the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC), the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) and the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC). UICC has over 50 partners, including associations, companies and foundations committed to the fight against cancer. UICC is a founding member of the NCD Alliance, the McCabe Centre for Law & Cancer and the International Cancer Control Partnership (ICCP) and established the City Cancer Challenge Foundation in January 2019 and the Access to Oncology Medicines (ATOM) Coalition in 2022.



UICC's mission is to both unite and support the cancer community in its efforts to reduce the global cancer burden, promote greater equity and ensure that cancer control remains a priority on the global health and development agenda. It pursues these goals by bringing together global leaders through innovative and far-reaching cancer-control events and initiatives, building capacities to meet regional needs and developing awareness campaigns.

[www.uicc.org](http://www.uicc.org)